

Cherfilus-  
McCormick  
Chu  
Cicilline  
Clark (MA)  
Clarke (NY)  
Cleave  
Clyburn  
Cohen  
Connolly  
Cooper  
Correa  
Costa  
Courtney  
Craig  
Crow  
Cuellar  
Davids (KS)  
Davis, Danny K.  
Dean  
DeFazio  
DeGette  
DeLauro  
DelBene  
Demings  
DeSaulnier  
Dingell  
Doggett  
Doyle, Michael  
F.  
Escobar  
Eshoo  
Espallat  
Evans  
Fletcher  
Foster  
Frankel, Lois  
Gallego  
Garamendi  
Garcia (IL)  
Garcia (TX)  
Golden  
Gomez  
Gonzalez,  
Vicente  
Gottheimer  
Green, Al (TX)  
Grijalva  
Harder (CA)  
Hayes  
Higgins (NY)  
Himes  
Horsford  
Houlahan  
Hoyer  
Huffman  
Jackson Lee  
Jacobs (CA)  
Jayapal  
Jeffries  
Johnson (GA)  
Johnson (TX)  
Jones

## NAYS—202

Aderholt  
Allen  
Amodei  
Armstrong  
Arrington  
Babin  
Bacon  
Baird  
Balderson  
Banks  
Barr  
Bentz  
Bice (OK)  
Biggs  
Bilirakis  
Bishop (NC)  
Boebert  
Bost  
Brady  
Brooks  
Buchanan  
Buck  
Bucshon  
Budd  
Burchett  
Burgess  
Calvert  
Cammack  
Carey  
Carl  
Carter (GA)  
Carter (TX)  
Cawthorn  
Chabot

Kahele  
Kaptur  
Keating  
Kelly (IL)  
Khanna  
Kildee  
Kilmer  
Kim (NJ)  
Kind  
Kirpatrick  
Krishnamoorthi  
Kuster  
Lamb  
Larsen (WA)  
Larson (CT)  
Lawrence  
Lawson (FL)  
Lee (CA)  
Lee (NV)  
Leger Fernandez  
Levin (CA)  
Levin (MI)  
Lieu  
Lofgren  
Luria  
Lynch  
Malinowski  
Maloney,  
Carolyn B.  
Maloney, Sean  
Manning  
Matsui  
McBath  
McCollum  
McGovern  
McNerney  
Meeks  
Meng  
Mfume  
Moore (WI)  
Morelle  
Moulton  
Mrvan  
Murphy (FL)  
Nadler  
Napolitano  
Neal  
Neguse  
Newman  
Norcross  
O'Halleran  
Ocasio-Cortez  
Omar  
Pallone  
Panetta  
Pappas  
Pascrell  
Payne  
Peltola  
Perlmutter  
Peters  
Phillips  
Pingree

Pocan  
Porter  
Pressley  
Price (NC)  
Quigley  
Raskin  
Rice (NY)  
Ross  
Roybal-Allard  
Ruiz  
Ruppersberger  
Rush  
Ryan (NY)  
Ryan (OH)  
Sánchez  
Sarbanes  
Scanlon  
Schakowsky  
Schiff  
Schneider  
Schradler  
Schrier  
Scott (VA)  
Scott, David  
Sewell  
Sherman  
Sherrill  
Sires  
Slotkin  
Smith (WA)  
Soto  
Spanberger  
Speier  
Stansbury  
Stanton  
Stevens  
Strickland  
Suozi  
Swalwell  
Takano  
Thompson (CA)  
Thompson (MS)  
Titus  
Tlaib  
Tonko  
Torres (CA)  
Torres (NY)  
Trahan  
Trone  
Underwood  
Vargas  
Veasey  
Velázquez  
Wasserman  
Schultz  
Waters  
Watson Coleman  
Welch  
Wexton  
Wild  
Williams (GA)  
Wilson (FL)  
Yarmuth

Johnson (SD)  
Jordan  
Joyce (OH)  
Joyce (PA)  
Katko  
Keller  
Kelly (MS)  
Kelly (PA)  
Kim (CA)  
Kustoff  
LaMalfa  
Lamborn  
Latta  
Lesko  
Letlow  
Long  
Loudermilk  
Lucas  
Luetkemeyer  
Mace  
Malliotakis  
Mann  
Massie  
Mast  
McCarthy  
McCaul  
McClain  
McClintock  
McHenry  
Meijer  
Meuser  
Miller (IL)  
Miller (WV)  
Miller-Meeks

Bergman  
Diaz-Balart  
Fallon  
Gibbs  
Green (TN)

Moolenaar  
Mooney  
Moore (AL)  
Moore (UT)  
Mullin  
Murphy (NC)  
Nehls  
Newhouse  
Norman  
Obermole  
Owens  
Palmer  
Pence  
Perry  
Pfluger  
Posey  
Rescenthaler  
Rice (SC)  
Rodgers (WA)  
Rogers (AL)  
Rogers (KY)  
Rose  
Rosendale  
Rouzer  
Roy  
Rutherford  
Salazar  
Scalise  
Schweikert  
Scott, Austin  
Sempolinski  
Sessions  
Simpson  
Smith (MO)

## NOT VOTING—13

Herrera Beutler  
Kinzinger  
LaHood  
Langevin  
LaTurner

Smith (NE)  
Smith (NJ)  
Smucker  
Spartz  
Staubert  
Steel  
Stefanik  
Steil  
Steube  
Stewart  
Taylor  
Tenney  
Thompson (PA)  
Tiffany  
Timmons  
Turner  
Upton  
Valadao  
Van Drew  
Van Duyne  
Wagner  
Walberg  
Waltz  
Weber (TX)  
Webster (FL)  
Wenstrup  
Westerman  
Williams (TX)  
Wilson (SC)  
Wittman  
Womack  
Yakym  
Zeldin

## DESIGNATING THE CAUCUS ROOM IN THE CANNON HOUSE OFFICE BUILDING AS THE “SPEAKER NANCY PELOSI CAUCUS ROOM”

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 1499, H. Res. 1495 is considered as adopted.

The text of the resolution is as follows:

H. RES. 1495

*Resolved*, That the caucus room in the Cannon House Office Building (room 390) is designated as the “Speaker Nancy Pelosi Caucus Room”.

## AUTHORIZING THE USE OF THE ROTUNDA OF THE CAPITOL FOR A CEREMONY TO PRESENT CONGRESSIONAL GOLD MEDALS TO THE UNITED STATES CAPITOL POLICE AND OTHERS WHO PROTECTED THE CAPITOL ON JANUARY 6, 2021

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 1499, H. Con. Res. 118 is considered as adopted.

The text of the concurrent resolution is as follows:

H. CON. RES. 118

*Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring),*

## SECTION 1. USE OF ROTUNDA FOR CEREMONY TO PRESENT CONGRESSIONAL GOLD MEDALS TO UNITED STATES CAPITOL POLICE AND OTHERS WHO PROTECTED THE CAPITOL ON JANUARY 6, 2021.

The rotunda of the Capitol is authorized to be used on December 6, 2022, for a ceremony to present Congressional Gold Medals to the United States Capitol Police and others who protected the Capitol on January 6, 2021. Physical preparations for the ceremony shall be carried out in accordance with such conditions as the Architect of the Capitol may prescribe.

## MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate by Ms. Byrd, one of its clerks, announced that the Senate has passed without amendment a bill of the House of the following title:

H.R. 2930. An act to enhance protections of Native American tangible cultural heritage, and for other purposes.

The message also announced that the Senate has passed with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested, bills of the House of the following titles:

H.R. 5796. An act to amend title 35, United States Code, to establish a competition to award certificates that can be redeemed to accelerate certain matters at the Patent and Trademark Office, and for other purposes.

H.R. 8404. An act to repeal the Defense of Marriage Act and ensure respect for State regulation of marriage, and for other purposes.

□ 1022

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ changed her vote from “nay” to “yea.”

Ms. GRANGER changed her vote from “present” to “nay.”

So the resolution was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated for:

Mr. LANGEVIN. Madam Speaker, I was unavoidably detained on roll call vote #489. Had I been present, I would have voted “yea.”

Stated against:

Mr. BERGMAN. Madam Speaker, please accept this personal explanation as I was unexpectedly detained during vote proceedings. Had I been present, I would have voted “nay” on rollcall number 489.

## MEMBERS RECORDED PURSUANT TO HOUSE RESOLUTION 8, 117TH CONGRESS

Axne (Wild)  
Bass (Cicilline)  
Brooks (Moore)  
(AL)  
Brown (MD)  
(Evans)  
Cárdenas  
(Correa)  
Clyburn  
(Butterfield)  
Conway  
(Valadao)  
Craig (Stevens)  
DeFazio  
(Pallone)  
DeSaulnier  
(Beyer)  
Doyle, Michael  
F. (Pallone)  
Gaetz (Bishop)  
(NC)  
Garbarino  
(Miller-Meeks)

Gonzalez,  
Vicente  
(Correa)  
Gooden (TX)  
(Miller-Meeks)  
Gosar (Weber)  
(TX)  
Johnson (GA)  
(Pallone)  
Johnson (TX)  
(Pallone)  
Keating (Neguse)  
Kind (Schneider)  
Kirkpatrick  
(Pallone)  
Lawson (FL)  
(Evans)  
Long  
(Fleischmann)  
Luria (Wexton)  
Newman (Correa)  
O'Halleran  
(Stanton)

Pressley  
(Neguse)  
Roybal-Allard  
(Correa)  
Rush (Beyer)  
Ryan (OH)  
(Correa)  
Simpson  
(Fulcher)  
Sires (Pallone)  
Strickland  
(Butterfield)  
Swalwell  
(Correa)  
Titus (Pallone)  
Van Drew  
(Rescenthaler)  
Welch (Pallone)  
Williams (GA)  
(McBath)

**PROVIDING FOR A RESOLUTION WITH RESPECT TO THE UNRESOLVED DISPUTES BETWEEN CERTAIN RAILROADS REPRESENTED BY THE NATIONAL CARRIERS' CONFERENCE COMMITTEE OF THE NATIONAL RAILWAY LABOR CONFERENCE AND CERTAIN OF THEIR EMPLOYEES**

Mr. PAYNE. Madam Speaker, pursuant to House Resolution 1499, I call up the joint resolution (H.J. Res. 100) to provide for a resolution with respect to the unresolved disputes between certain railroads represented by the National Carriers' Conference Committee of the National Railway Labor Conference and certain of their employees, and ask for its immediate consideration in the House.

The Clerk read the title of the joint resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 1499, the joint resolution is considered read.

The text of the joint resolution is as follows:

H.J. RES. 100

Whereas the unresolved labor disputes between certain railroads represented by the National Carriers' Conference Committee of the National Railway Labor Conference and their employees represented by certain labor organizations threaten essential transportation services of the United States;

Whereas it is in the national interest, including the national health and defense, that essential transportation services be maintained;

Whereas the President, pursuant to the provisions of section 10 of the Railway Labor Act (45 U.S.C. 160), by Executive Order No. 14077 of July 15, 2022, created Presidential Emergency Board No. 250 to investigate the disputes and report findings;

Whereas the recommendations of Presidential Emergency Board No. 250 issued on August 16, 2022, formed the basis for tentative agreements between all of the parties to the disputes;

Whereas some, but not all, of the tentative agreements have been ratified by the union memberships in final resolution of certain of the disputes between the parties;

Whereas unresolved disputes remain between the parties whose tentative agreements were not ratified by the union memberships;

Whereas the recommendations of Presidential Emergency Board No. 250 issued on August 16, 2022, have not resulted in a final resolution of all the disputes;

Whereas all the procedures provided under the Railway Labor Act (45 U.S.C. 151 et seq.), and further procedures agreed to by the parties, have been exhausted and have not resulted in a final resolution of all the disputes;

Whereas it is desirable that all such disputes be resolved in a manner which encourages solutions reached through collective bargaining;

Whereas Congress, under the Commerce Clause of the Constitution, has the authority and responsibility to ensure the uninterrupted operation of essential transportation services;

Whereas Congress finds that emergency measures are essential to national security and continuity of transportation services by such railroads; and

Whereas Congress has in the past enacted legislation for such purposes: Now, therefore, be it

*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

**SECTION 1. CONDITIONS FOR RESOLVING DISPUTES.**

(a) IN GENERAL.—Consistent with the purposes of the Railway Labor Act (45 U.S.C. 151 et seq.) to avoid any labor dispute that threatens substantially to interrupt interstate commerce to a degree such as to deprive any section of the country of essential transportation service, the most recent tentative agreements, side letters, and local carrier agreements entered into by the covered parties that have not been ratified before the date of enactment of this joint resolution (including tentative agreements, side letters, and local carrier agreements that have failed ratification) shall be binding on such covered parties to such unresolved disputes, and shall have the same effect as though arrived at by agreement of such covered parties under the Railway Labor Act (45 U.S.C. 151 et seq.).

(b) COVERED PARTIES.—In this section, the term “covered parties” means the parties to the unresolved disputes subject to Presidential Emergency Board No. 250, established pursuant to Executive Order 14077 of July 15, 2022 (87 Fed. Reg. 43203; relating to establishing an emergency board to investigate disputes between certain railroads represented by the National Carriers' Conference Committee of the National Railway Labor Conference and their employees represented by certain labor organizations) and the provisions of section 10 of the Railway Labor Act (45 U.S.C. 160).

**SEC. 2. MUTUAL AGREEMENT.**

Nothing in this joint resolution shall prevent any mutual written agreement by the parties to implement the terms and conditions established by this joint resolution, or prevent a mutual written agreement to any terms and conditions different from those established by this joint resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The joint resolution shall be debatable for 1 hour equally divided and controlled by the chair and ranking minority member of the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure or their respective designees.

The gentleman from New Jersey (Mr. PAYNE) and the gentleman from Missouri (Mr. GRAVES) each will control 30 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from New Jersey (Mr. PAYNE).

**GENERAL LEAVE**

Mr. PAYNE. Madam Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on H.J. Res. 100.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New Jersey?

There was no objection.

Mr. PAYNE. Madam Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentlewoman from California (Ms. PELOSI), the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Ms. PELOSI. Madam Speaker, I thank the gentleman for yielding, and I thank him for his leadership on a very important subcommittee of the Transportation and Infrastructure Committee, the Railroads, Pipelines, and Hazardous Materials Subcommittee, which is the subcommittee

of jurisdiction for the legislation that we are considering today.

Madam Speaker, I thank the chairman of the full committee, Chairman PETER DEFAZIO of the Transportation and Infrastructure Committee, for his outstanding leadership for over 30 years in the Congress of the United States. He has been a champion for America's working families. He has been a person about the future. We have been blessed by his leadership.

I commend Chairman JIM MCGOVERN of the Rules Committee for steering this urgent and necessary legislation to the floor in such an expeditious and effective manner.

Madam Speaker, under President Joe Biden, we have had the most pro-union administration in history. Indeed, he chose a Labor Secretary in Secretary Marty Walsh who has deep personal roots in organized labor, joining the Laborers' Union 223 at age 21, eventually rising to serve as the head of the Boston Building Trades before he became mayor of Boston.

□ 1030

Together, the White House, the administration, and the Congress, we have proudly stood with working people. Under President Biden and our pro-union Democratic majority, we were able to protect pensions, promote the PRO Act for collective bargaining and create good-paying, Davis-Bacon jobs in the infrastructure bill and the CHIPS and science law and additional legislation, because we believe that the middle class is the backbone of our democracy, and we believe that the middle class has a union label on it.

Madam Speaker, today, we are here to safeguard the financial security of America's families; to protect the American economy as it continues to recover; and avert a devastating nationwide rail shutdown.

We all know that for too long the railroads have made obscene profits on the backs of workers. Selling out to Wall Street and its outrageous “precision scheduled railroading,” they have slashed jobs, increased hours, and cut corners on safety, while demanding more and more from the workers.

Rather than reinvesting their profits into the workers, over the past decade they have given \$150 billion in handouts to their corporate executives and wealthiest investors. It is just not right.

That is why relentless labor leaders like Dennis Pierce and Jeremy Ferguson, whom I saw close up and watched them fight for their union members, among others—alongside our pro-union President Joe Biden and Labor Secretary Marty Walsh, as I referenced—fought furiously to negotiate a fairer deal for railroad workers.

Thanks to their months of determined leadership, the tentative agreement that was reached has secured important advances: A 24 percent pay raise and a \$5,000 bonus; no changes in copays, deductibles, and coinsurance